

NASA Records Management SSP Transition

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What are Federal records?

- Federally owned documentary materials, regardless of physical form or characteristics
- Made or received under Federal law or in connection with SSP design, development, operation, management
- Preserved, or appropriate for preservation
 - 1. as evidence of essential decisions and transactions, or
 - 2. because of the informational value in them

Two flavors: Temporary and Permanent





Why Records Management?





Why records management?

- Legal/Agency requirement
 - 44 U.S.Code

- NPD 1440.6G
- 36 Code of Fed Regs
- NPR 1441.1D
- OMB Circular A-130
- Preserve security, reliability and authenticity of information for long term viability
- Operational efficiency & public accountability
- Historical <u>and</u> NASA Knowledge Management (Cross-Agency reference, follow-on project use, etc.)

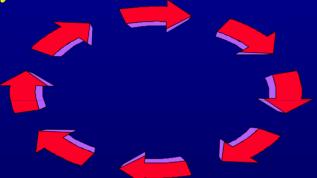
RECORTS



Stages in records life cycle

CREATION:

Records are made or received by NASA.



MAINTENANCE AND USE--

Active Records: Any action involving the **storage**, **retrieval**, and **handling** of records kept in offices by, or for, NASA.

**DISPOSITION: Inactive Records: Action taken regarding records no longer needed for current Government business. These actions include retirement to agency storage facilities or records center, transfer from one Federal agency to another, transfer of permanent records to the National Archives, and disposal of temporary records.



Records management requirements

- Preserve security, reliability and authenticity of information for long-term viability & usefulness.
- Ensure comprehensive archiving for SSP
- Disposition in accordance with approved retention schedules.
 - Permanent
 - Long-term temporary (up to 30 years)
 - Short-term temporary (up to 15 years)





"THE DECLARATION? I THOUGHT WE WERE DONE WITH IT, SO I DELETED IT,"



New records retention schedules

- Developed for NASA programs/projects
- 13 media-neutral schedule items
 - Describe "what" and "when" to archive (retention periods)
 - Do not provide "how" to archive
- Simplified "if/then" table to determine retention





Using the Schedule "if/then" table

Read across then down, then across, then down, etc.

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ltem				
101	Yes	records essential for understanding the history of a program/project from inception to complete defined by the stages if No feight stages and potential records that might be created in each.	held at office of record	permanent. Cut off records at close of program/project or in 3-year blocks for long term programs/projects. Transfer to records center storage. Transfer to National Archives 7 years after cutoff. Special media records will be transferred in accordance with 36 CFR § 1228.270 (electronic records), 36 CFR § 1228.268 (audiovisual records), 36 CFR § 1228.268 (cartographic and architectural records), and/or current transfer instructions specific to individual formats.
102	Records are covered by Item 103!		all other copies	temporary. Destroy/delete when no longer needed.
103		Yes	Yes All other No	temporary. Destroy/delete when no longer needed.



New Program/Project schedules

All Shuttle records fall under 3 main Items:

Item 101: material needed forever (Record examples in Note 1.)

Item 103: material needed a long time (up to 30 yrs) (Record examples in Note 2.)

Item 105: material needed a short time (up to 15 yrs) (Record examples in Note 3.)

Items 102, 104, 106: extra copies of above records





Steps in archiving records

Transition Data Team Level

- Develop "information architecture" for capturing program records (taking advantage of already existing data structure).
- Inventory records.
 - Categories
 - Locations of "official record" copies
 - Formats
- Identify proper retention for each record category; establish year within retention bands.
- Provide record capture instructions, after dialogue with RM/NARA





More steps in archiving records

Project/Element Level

- Identify official records; for each record:
 - Location
 - Office of Primary Responsibility (project/element)
 - Format
 - National Security Classification level
 - Other access restriction
 - Schedule item (taken from that provided by Data Team)
- Eliminate unnecessary duplicates
- Categorize according to Program "information architecture"





Available assistance

- Patti Stockman, NASA Records Officer 202-358-4787
- Center Records Managers

ARC –	Carla Snow-Broadway	650-604-5576	
GSFC –	Pat Southerland	301-286-7395	
JSC –	Nancy Hutchins	282-483-4006	
	Holly Malecki	281-483-3791	
KSC –	SC – Records Manager retiring early January		
	USA RM, Barbara Davis	321-861-3059	
LaRC –	Nannette Atkins	757-864-8159	
MSFC –	Deborah Wills	256-544-4525	

• NARA regional representatives

Available through Center NASA Records Managers.





Backups





Covered by Items 101-106

"Programs/projects relating to both manned and unmanned space flight, aerospace technology research, and basic or applied scientific research and meeting one or more of the following criteria: are 'first of a kind,' establish precedents, produce major contributions to scientific or engineering knowledge, integrate proven technology into new products, or are/have been subject of widespread media attention or Congressional scrutiny."



Item 101: Permanent

- Records essential for understanding the history of a program/project from inception to completion defined by the stages in program/project's life.
- Retention period: Permanent.
- Potential candidates listed in Note 1.





Item 103: Long-term temporary

- Records not required to document program/project history (item 1), but having operational value to NASA throughout program/project life.
- Retention period: 5 to 30 years after close of program/project.
- Potential candidates listed in Note 2.





Item 105: Short-term temporary

- Routine records not essential for on-going program/project operations
- Retention period: 2 to 15 years.
- Potential candidates listed in Note 3.

